# HE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR Journal of American Philatelic Society Writers Unit #30

www.wu30.org

First Quarter 2009

# Painless Conversion To Color Careful Preplanning Ensures a Smooth Transition

#### By A. W. Starkweather

Life's most traumatic events include death of a spouse, divorce, marriage, and job loss. To many editors and designers, converting a publication from black and white to color should be included near the top of the list.

However, with careful preplanning and a basic understanding of the color process, the changeover should be relatively painless. I can attest to this because I have done this twice — first with the *Stamp Insider*, journal of the Federation of New York Philatelic Societies, in May 2006 and now with *THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR*.

The conversion can be accomplished in three easy steps:

- 1. Learning how color works. I hesitate to use the term *color theory* lest some readers be scared off. Not to worry: Only minimal knowledge is required to understand the basic nature of color.
- Coordinating the transition with a commercial printer or optimizing output for a color laser or ink jet, if this will be a do-ityourself project. Allow ample time for this stage.
- 3. Determine where color will be used in your publication and apply it to the elements. This should include updating templates having common elements, such as headers and footers.



## How Color Works

The visible spectrum is often depicted as a color wheel. The six primary colors of the spectrum are red, orange, yellow, green, blue, and purple. Perception of color is based on hue, tint, tone, saturation, shade, undertone, and value.

**Hues**, which are synonymous with color, are arranged in the order of the visible spectrum. They are described as warm or cool. Warm hues are on the red–orange side of the color wheel, while cool hues are on the green–blue side. **Tint** is the mixture of a fully saturated hue with white, which diminishes saturation. **Tone** is the mixture of a fully saturated hue with some value of gray.

Saturation or chroma is the intensity of a hue — how much or how little gray it contains. Shade is the mixture of a fully saturated hue with black. Undertone is the underlying color in any given hue. Value is the lightness or darkness of a hue. It is affected by the addition of white or black to a hue white increases lightness, while black increases darkness.

Colors may be **chromat**ic — those within the visible spectrum — or **achromatic** white, gray, or black. A color may range from hard, which is associated with a saturated hue, to soft — often an extremely light tint or pastel.

**Continued on Page 16** 





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#### Albert W. Starkweather, Editor

5520 Gunn Hwy. #1406, Tampa, FL 33624-2847 phone: 813-962-7964; www.starkweatherdesign.com astarkweather@wu30.org

#### **Heather Sweeting, Associate Editor**

14329 Victory St., Sterling, NY 13156-3172 315-947-6761; hsweetin@twcny.rr.com

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#### Deadlines for receipt of copy by the editor:

First Quarter: January 15; Second Quarter: April 15; Third Quarter: July 15; Fourth Quarter: October 15

# APS WRITERS UNIT #30

#### Peter Martin. President

P. O. Box 463, Naugatuck CT 06770-0463

#### George B. Griffenhagen, Secretary-Treasurer

2501 Drexel St., Vienna, VA 22180-6906 703-560-2413

#### Lloyd de Vries, Vice President East

P.O. 561. Paramus. NJ 07653-0561

Kenneth Trettin, Vice President West P.O. Box 56, Rockford, IA 50468-0056 e-mail: revenuer@omnitelcom.com

The Executive Committee includes the officers, Editor Albert W. Starkweather, and Immediate Past President Dane S. Claussen of Pittsburgh, PA; dsclaussen@hotmail.com. The WU #30 Council includes:

Vacant		(2011)
Ernest E. (Gene) F	ricks	genefricks@comcast.net (2009)
James W. Graue		jimg@air-pipe.com (2011)
Albert W. Starkwe	ather	astarkweather@wu30.org (2011)
Robert P. Odenwe	ller	RP0denwel@cs.com (2009)
Steven J Rod		sirod@aol.com (2009)

#### Writers Unit #30 Committee chairs are:

APS representative: George B. Griffenhagen Awards: Robert P. Odenweller Bylaws: Katrina Everhart Critique Service: Charles J. Peterson Hall of Fame: Peter Martin Historian: Steven J. Rod Literature Exhibitions: James W. Graue Nominating: Alan Warren

2

Outreach: Vacant Publications: Peter Martin Publicity: Ernest E. (Gene) Fricks Recruiting: Lloyd de Vries Special Events: Kenneth Trettin USPS representative: Peter Martin Webmaster: Albert W. Starkweather WU #30 Breakfast: Steven J. Rod

pmartin2020@aol.com

ggriffenhagen@aphanet.org

stamps@pobox.com



# **Transition To Color** Goes Smoothly

elcome to the first issue of *THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICA-TOR* in full color. The transition was seamless, thanks to the coöperation of everyone involved, particularly our printer — Wilcox Printing & Publishing, Inc. in Madrid, Iowa.

After the Writers Unit #30 Board approved the change last August, it first appeared that we would have to change printers. However, Wilcox recently upgraded its printing equipment and has agreed to continue as our printer at no increase in cost. Please join me in extending our thanks to Wilcox for helping us accomplish this task.

#### **Invitation To Writers**

Contributors to THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR are reminded to submit their artwork in color.

Once again I am in need of articles. - short and long. Contributing to the journal should be one of your New Year's resolutions.

#### Advertising

We now offer advertisers full color at no extra cost. See our rate card on page 18.

Following this issue's cover article on converting publications to color, the second quarter issue of TPC will follow up with an article on ad design. This will guide print and online editors who are faced with accepting advertising.

#### A New Column

Alan Warren has generously agreed to contribute a regular column on important resources available to philatelic writers and researchers at the Smithsonian Institution's National Postal Museum. His first NPM Notes appears on page 8.

The NPM is making concerted efforts in its outreach to the philatelic media, including a free monthly e-mail newsletter -Postmark Extra. The newsletter highlights current exhibits and events at the museum. To subscribe visit www.postalmuseum SI.EDU/POSTMARK/INDEX.HTML.

#### Webmaster

As you will read in Peter Martin's column, I have been named Writers Unit #30 webmaster to succeed Andrew McFarlane who has resigned. Luckily, he created a great structure, meaning that most of my tasks will involve updating the site. For this, I am truly indebted to him.

I am aware that some of the information is outdated and needs to corrected. The task could be made much easier if those who know of information needing changing contact me at ASTARKWEATHER@WU30.ORG with the corrections. 



# AmeriStamp Expo Breakfast is February 22

The next Writers Unit #30 breakfast will be at 8:30 a.m. on Feb-**L** ruary 22 during AmeriStamp Expo Expo in Arlington, Texas. It is scheduled in the Sheraton Hotel's World Series Rooms I and II. The National Stamp Collection will be presented by Smithsonian National Postal Museum Chief Curator of Philately Cheryl R. Ganz and Assistant Curator of Philately Daniel A. Piazza.

Ganz has promised to bring her new book, The 1933 Chicago World's Fair: A Century of Progress, and autograph it following breakfast. In addition, an assortment of great door prizes await you.

The WU #30 Board will meet at 10 a.m. following the breakfast.

#### **Election Year**

This is an election year for Writers Unit #30. Those interested in running should contact Nominating Committee Chairman Alan Warren (see Call for Nominations - page 4). Positions include president, vice president east, vice president west, secretary-treasurer, and four WU #30 Council seats. Candidates should submit a short biographical sketch and a candidate statement. There is also an opening for the Outreach Committee chair.

#### Writers Unit Hall of Fame

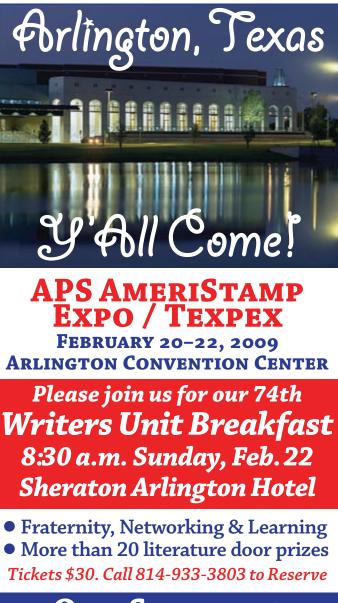
This is the official call for 2009 Writers Unit #30 Hall of Fame nominations. The Hall of Fame, which honors individuals for excellence in philatelic writing, editing, and publishing, is the unit's highest honor. Anyone may nominate an individual. The nomination form is on page 19. Send your nominations by February 20 to Chairman Peter Martin, Writers Unit #30 Hall of Fame Committee, P. O. Box 463, Naugatuck, CT 06770-0463.

#### **Communicator Changes**

Editor Albert W. Starkweather continues to upgrade THE PHILA-TELIC COMMUNICATOR. Beginning with this issue, you'll notice that it is in color. It is a move many journals are making and thanks to our printer, Wilcox Printing & Publishing, Inc., we are able to make the change at no additional cost. Note also that color advertising now will be accepted. The rate card is on page 18.

#### New Webmaster

Webmaster Andrew McFarlane is stepping down from the position due to professional obligations. Starkweather has stepped forward to accept this additional duty and all web site updates should be sent to him effective February 1. McFarlane did a wonderful job in setting up the site and maintaining it over the years. On behalf of all members, I extend sincere thanks to Andrew for his dedicated service to the Writers Unit. 



**OUR SPEAKERS Cheryl R. Ganz** 

Chief Curator of Philately and

Daniel A. Piazza Assistant Curator of Philately Smithsonian National Postal Museum







## NAPEX Literature Competition

The *NAPEX* show committee is now accepting entries for the 2009 literature exhibition. The prospectus and entry form is online at WWW.NAPEX.ORG or contact P. O. Box 76846, Washington DC 20013 for a hard copy. The show is scheduled June 5-7 at the McLean Hllton at Tysons Corners, McLean, Virginia.

## **COLOPEX** Cancels Literature Contest

COLOPEX cancelled its literature competition for 2009, but still had a philatelic exhibition. The show was held February 6-8 in Columbus, Ohio.

## **Revenue Society Transfers Holdings**

On December 18, the State Revenue Society (SRS) transferred its philatelic library to the American Philatelic Research Library (APRL). Its extensive archive of books, periodicals, catalogues, regulations, and other printed materials related to state revenue stamps will be housed at the American Philatelic Center in Bellefonte, Pennsylvania (www.stamplibrary.org).

## **USSS-Mueller Award Nominations Open**

Nominations are open for the second annual United States Stamp Society-Barbara R. Mueller Award for the best article in the American Philatelist during 2008. The award includes \$1,000 in cash and a permanent plaque in the APS editorial offices in Bellefonte.

APS members can submit the form on the inside front cover of the January American Philatelist or online at www.stamps.org/ MUELLERAWARD/INDEX. HTM. The deadline is March 1. A list of the 86 articles by 50 authors also may be found at WWW.STAMPS.ORG/ALMANAC/MUELLERAWARD.PDF. •0

# **Call for Nominations**

Lection of officers for Writers Unit #30 will be conducted by **L** mail-in ballot beginning in late April, with April 1 being the deadline for receipt of all nominations.

Positions to be filled include president, vice president east, vice president west, secretary-treasurer, and four Council members. Lloyd A. de Vries, whose term was to expire in 2011, replaced the late Barth Healey as vice president east, to create a Council vacancy. Council members whose terms expire in 2009 are Ernest E. Fricks, Robert P. Odenweller, and Steven J. Rod. The terms of James W. Graue and Albert W. Starkweather do not expire until 2011.

Those interested in running or nominating a candidate should contact Nominating Committee Chairman Alan Warren, P. O. Box 39, Exton, PA 19341-0039, or alanwar@att.net.

The new officers and Council members will assume office at the end of WU#30 meeting at the APS annual convention in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania on August 9. •

# STAMPEXPO 400 LITERATURE CONTEST

The 2009 Hudson-Fulton-Champlain Quadricentennial **L** STAMP EXPOSITION (STAMPEXPO 400) will include a literature competition. The APS-recognized national show will be on the Empire State Plaza Concourse in Albany, NY from September 25-27.

The APS-accredited judges are Chair Alan Warren, Exton, PA; John Hotchner, Falls Church, VA; and Patricia Stilwell Walker, Lisbon, MD. A prospectus and entry form are available at www. STAMPEXPO400.ORG. Entries close July 1 and are to be sent to Ronald K. Ratchford, 1105 Union Street, Schenectady, NY 12308-2805.

The massive philatelic exhibition is being planned in conjunction with New York State's celebration of the Hudson-Fulton-Champlain Quadricentennial. This will be a signature event of the celebration and is being sponsored by the New York Federation of Stamp Clubs, in conjunction with the New York State Hudson-Fulton-Champlain Quadricentennial Commission.

The venue features space for nearly 200 dealers, a 4,800 square foot exhibit room, and five meeting rooms. There is room for more than 300 frames of competitive exhibits. •

# Frederick A. Brofos Dies at 80

Frederick A. Brofos, 80, died after a long illness in Vero Beach, Florida on November 28. He was born in London in 1927 and picked up stamp collecting from his mother as a child. His family moved to Norway just before World War II where he continued his collecting interests and developed a lifelong friendship with fellow member of the Oslo Filatelistklubb (Oslo Philatelic Club) and noted postal historian Paul Jensen.

He came to the United States in 1946 and earned a degree in fine arts at Washington University in St. Louis. He was employed in the public relations department of International Telephone & Telegraph Co. It was about this time that he began his prolific writing for philatelic journals. Over the years he authored hundreds of articles and several books. Two volumes of his collected articles are posted by the Scandinavian Collectors Club at www.scc-online.org.

Brofos joined the SCC in 1947 and was secretary, librarian, and editor of The Posthorn. Honors from SCC include the Carl E. Pelander award for service to the club, the Earl Grant Jacobsen award for philatelic research, and honorary membership for his philatelic achievements. In 2000 SCC established the annual Frederick A. Brofos Award for the best article to appear in the journal.

He was recognized in Norway with the gold medal of the Norwegian Postal Museum, the Order of the Silver Lion of the Norwegian Philatelic Federation, and Norway's highest philatelic honor, the Anderssen-Dethloff Medal of the Oslo Filatelistklubb. In 1998 he was elected to the Writers Unit #30 Hall of Fame.

In addition to his many journal articles, Brofos contributed four chapters in the Billig handbook series, two articles in the American Philatelic Congress Book, and authored the Norwegian Railway and Steamship Parcel Stamps and the New Brofos Catalogue of Railway and Steamship Carrier Stamps of Norway.

# Hyperlink Navigation of Digital References and Studies

#### **By Francis Adams**

#### Part VII

**D** eading books and magazines means turning pages, typically in Requential order. If we reference the book or magazine's table of contents (TOC), we often jump directly to a specific section or page, normally based on a page number. Using electronic media, we have greater flexibility in moving between sections or specific pages, based on hyperlinks embedded in the document.

Allowing movement between pages in more than only a linear direction (next or previous page) requires a hyperlink navigation system and that is one of the basic and more noteworthy features of a Digital Philatelic Study (DPS).

We should also make our hyperlink navigation system reasonably obvious and, most importantly, its functions simple to use. The hyperlink navigation system becomes a constantly visible and available TOC without having to return to the document's beginning.

## How Hyperlink Navigation System Works

Keeping in mind that we want easy access between main sections, we'll use embedded hyperlinks to move from one section to another. The hyperlinks will appear on every page so that movement is always possible using hyperlinks found in the same place each time we need them.

Each hyperlink has a single function. Simply put, clicking on If there are subsections within a main section, you should inthe hyperlink takes the viewer to a specific section (or page) in clude hyperlinks for each subsection. Make additional cards for the study. If properly labeled, the destination should be clear each subsection and define the function of each of those hyperlinks before clicking the hyperlink. as well. Subsection hyperlinks should appear only on pages in the We also can embed hyperlinks within content text or images appropriate main section. They should also move only from one to move to specific *pages* or external documents and we'll use this subsection to another subsection within the same main section.

method of movement as well.

It is reasonably easy to include hyperlinks and the greater the number, the easier it is to access all sections of the DPS and to relate Let's check how our navigation system works. Make a sample page various pieces of information to other relative data or documents. for each main section, as well as subsections as desired, on individual sheets of paper. Arrange the sheets according to our pyramid layout, Layout of a Content Page Title at the top, Introduction underneath, etc. Each sheet should In the previous article, the page layout included a footer area. In have a section or subsection name and the appropriate hyperlinks this instance, the footer area will be repurposed to hold a navigaon it. Pretend to press a hyperlink on one of the pages and follow the tion system. We've provisionally added appropriate text in the footdirections on the card for each specific hyperlink. (Fig. 2)

er area; so let's learn how to add section hyperlinks to this text.

### Navigation System

To understand how the navigation system will work, we'll make a set of note cards. Different colored cards make identification easier. Each will include a title. Using the main study Section, label them:

- Home
- Introduction
- The Stamp
- References

Now write the function of each section hyperlink on the appropriate note card. The function is the result of pressing the hyperlink.

For example, a hyperlink named Introduction takes the viewer to the first page of the Introduction section. Another hyperlink named References takes the viewer to the first page of the References section. (Fig. 1)

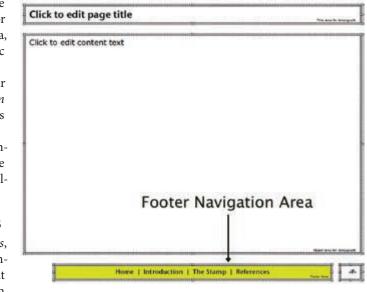
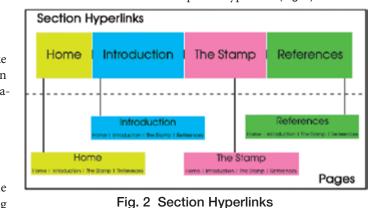


Fig. 1 Footer Area with Hyperlink Text

### Verifying Function

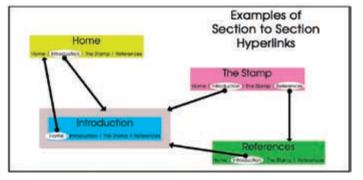


Continued on Page 6

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#### Navigation — Continued from Page 5

Done correctly, we should be able to move between any two main sections (or subsections) of the study with a click of the mouse button. (Fig. 3)



#### Fig. 3 Interactive Hyperlinks

You've just created a main navigation system that works great on paper. Now, how do we make it work digitally?

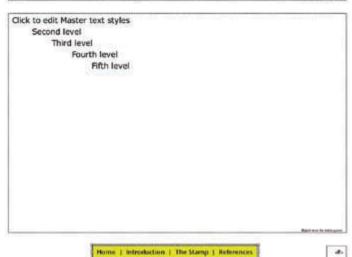
#### Footer Hyperlinks

Depending on the version of PowerPoint, the original footer may not allow text hyperlinks to be defined and embedded. To circumvent this problem, we'll replace the provisional footer box with a new text box by modifying the *Slidemaster*.

#### A New Navigational Footer Box

- 1. Choose View ► Master ► Slidemaster.
- 2. Go to the footer area.
- 3. Copy the text in the footer.
- 4. Choose Insert ► Text Box.
- 5. Paste the copied text into the new *Text Box*.
- 6. Align the *Text Box* over the old footer box so the text overlays.
- 7. Delete the original footer box. (Fig. 4)

#### Click to edit Master title style



#### Fig. 4 New Navigation Text Box

We have created a footer that can have embedded text hyperlinks.

### Adding Hyperlinks To Text

- 1. Highlight the text you wish to convert to a link. Select *Home* for this example.
- Choose Insert ► Hyperlink. The Edit Hyperlink screen appears. (Fig. 5)

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#### Fig. 5 Adding a Hyperlink To Text

- 3. Select Document.
- 4. Click in the Anchor box.
- 5. Select Locate. The Select Place in Document window appears.
- 6. Click the arrow next to *Slide Titles* to view slide titles.
- 7. Select the slide named *Home*. The number and name of the slide appears in the *Link To* field.
- 8. Click *OK*.
- 9. Click OK again.
- 10. Select *File* ► *Save* from the main menu.

Ensure hyperlinks are directed to specific pages (slides). If page (slide) positions change in future DPS revisions, the hyperlink will always go to the specific (correct) page chosen in the initial setup.

#### Content Text Hyperlinks

Within the content text of the study, hyperlinks may be added to any word or sequence of words. It's very important however, to ensure that the most meaningful text in the sentence is used as the hyperlink. The text selected for the hyperlink is known as the a*nchor*.

For example, I could say: "The Piltdown man is a fake (read more)" — like many news sites do. If the text *read more* is the hyperlink anchor, that's a bad choice. The text "Piltdown man is a fake" is a much better hyperlink anchor. Why?

That anchor text provides the reader a much less ambiguous idea of where the hyperlink goes. It implies a page with additional information on a *fake* whereas the *read more* text could go to most any page associated with Piltdown. It also reduces extraneous text length by not including (*read more*).

The method of adding a hyperlink to content text is identical to that used to add a hyperlink to the *Slidemaster*. Hyperlinks used more than once may be copied and pasted to save time and effort.

#### Hyperlinks to External Documents

Hyperlinks can also be very useful when referencing external documents not an integral part of the digital study. The destina-

tion of the hyperlink may be directed using the options in the *Edit Hyperlink* screen. (Fig. 6)

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#### Fig. 6 Selecting the Target Slide

For instance, a classic scientific paper reference might make a good reference for an exhibit. Adding a hyperlink from the DPS to the paper will open it on the viewer's computer screen.

**Note:** This is where file types come into play. Hyperlinking to external files is not limited to text documents: PDF files, spread-sheets, and images are also possibilities — with a small caveat: The document opens in the application it is authored in, if the application is on the viewer's computer. (Fig. 7) If the application is not on the viewer's computer, the document will not open.



Fig. 7 Hyperlinked Word Document

Viewers may not have Excel for example and not be able to see the important research vital to your DPS. However, converting the spreadsheet into a PDF document and linking to it generally will solve the problem. PDF file is a universal format, so the viewer very likely will have no problems seeing that vital reference. Most computer operating systems these days open PDF files automatically.

#### Images as Hyperlinks

Images are often used as hyperlink buttons. They also may be changed into icons which are again used as buttons. If using icons, they should be sized correctly, be immediately recognizable and must relate to the subject of the hyperlink. An image of a house

might be associated with the *Home* page for instance or a book might signify a link to the *References* section. Arrows typically denote *next* and *previous* pages. Use icons conservatively.

Images within the body content may also be used as hyperlinks. A map for example might direct the user to footnote or glossary information on the country depicted. The options are many once the study and the builder become a little more sophisticated. Changing an image into a hyperlink is similar to adding a hyperlink to text. Simply select the image and then perform the same procedure as hyperlinking text. The image will not be changed or altered in any detrimental way. It's as if it had a transparent overlay added above it and it's that overlay which is the real *button*. (Fig. 8)



Fig. 8 Image Linked To a Document

### Hyperlinking to Websites

Another option is if the viewer's computer is connected to the Internet. It then becomes possible to connect directly to websites on the Internet. This method provides for access to a wide range of external references and the study begins to take on the connotation of an in-depth research tool, which may or may not be desired.

## Standard Keyboard Navigation (Hot Keys)

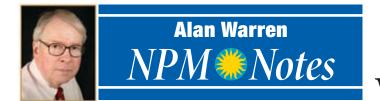
Finally, there are also standard keyboard navigation options in PowerPoint presentations. These shortcut functions may be included in a *Help* or *Instruction* section of the study.

- Next slide = Click Mouse or Spacebar or Enter or N key or right arrow or down arrow keys.
- 2. Last slide = Backspace or P key or left arrow or up arrow keys.
- 3. Black out screen = B key.
- 4. Exit = *Esc* key.
- 5. Menu Options = *right click* mouse.

#### Conclusion

With the navigation system embedded, our skeletal study is finished. We now simply add subject textual content, images, more hyperlinks and reference information to produce our final product.

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# A Treasure House of Information

The Smithsonian Institution's National Postal Museum is a trea-**L** sure house of information for collectors of all ages. This occasional column will bring attention to important resources available at the NPM and its library for philatelic writers and researchers.

ing some of its hidden treasures, i.e., collections that had not been identified in sufficient detail to attract researchers and authors. The gains are moving more quickly with volunteer efforts of the Council of Philatelists research group under the guidance of Thomas Lera, the NPM Winton M. Blount Research chair.

The council is comprised of noted philatelists - collectors, researchers, authors, and dealers, many of whom hold offices in specialty societies. Council members, with their broad spectrum of philatelic expertise, advise the museum staff on such matters as collections identification, new exhibit plans, and widening the NPM's educational efforts to attract collectors and the public.

Among the important tools for researchers and authors are the finding guides that enable potential users to understand what is in a particular collection at a macro level. The purpose of the guides is to define collection content briefly so that researchers can make an appointment to view the material at the museum or in its library.

A guide posted on the NPM web site shows the content of Hugh M. Southgate's important papers and documents that were donated by the late George Brett. The guide was prepared by Lera and Herbert Trenchard, Research Associate and a museum volunteer. Both Southgate and Brett were students of the U.S. Bureau issues. Southgate was the first president and board chairman of what is now the United States Stamp Society.

The collection consists of Southgate's notes and correspondence in 26 volumes. Southgate was one of the first researchers to examine the Bureau of Engraving and Printing records. In these notebooks we find his manuscript notes from the BEP archives and articles written by Southgate and others about the Bureau issues. There is also a great wealth of biographical information about dealers, collectors and others involved with these stamps.

The finding guide provides a brief paragraph describing what is to be found in each volume. Users must keep in mind that most of the content is in Southgate's handwriting, mostly in ink but sometimes in pencil. Some of the topics include plate numbers, first days, checklists (such as for gumbreakers), plate markings, paper types (chalky, blue, china clay), booklets, precancels, coils, and even back-of-the-book materials like revenues, special handling, philatelic truck, etc. The Southgate papers are only one of half a dozen collections for which finding guides are posted on the NPM site WWW.POSTALMUSEUM.SI.EDU/FINDINGGUIDES/INDEX.HTML.

# Scandinavian Club Bestows Literature Awards

Winners of the Scandinavian Collectors Club's two presti-gious literature awards for 2008 have been announced by SCC President Mats Roing.

The Frederick A. Brofos Award for the best article in the 2007 issues of the club's quarterly journal, The Posthorn, goes to co-authors John R. Sabin and Peter Schweizer. The Earl Grant Jacobsen award for a handbook exhibiting research went to Finnish author Heikki Reinikainen for his CD on the 1875 issue of Finland.

The best article award is named after the late Frederick Brofos who served as secretary, librarian, and editor for SCC, and a prolific author as well. The article by Sabin and Schweizer appeared in the May issue of the magazine, and is titled "Handwritten Plate In recent years significant progress has been made in analyz- Numbers of Christian IX and Frederik VII Stamps of Denmark and the Danish West Indies."

> The plate numbers that appear in the sheet margins of these engraved stamps that were printed between 1904 and 1908, were likely hand inscribed on the printing plates with a sharp instrument. The numbers appear in the sheet margin or selvage which was expected to be discarded when the stamps were sold or used. However, some multiples survive showing these numbers and many sheets in the Post and Tele Museum in Copenhagen exhibit the numbers as well.

> The Earl Grant Jacobsen award for a handbook is named for a former SCC president and a student of Norwegian philately. It is bestowed on a work that exhibits research and scholarship. The 2008 Jacobsen award winner is Heikki Reinikainen for his CD study, Finland Type 1875. The 1875 definitive series depicts Finland's coat-of-arms and is a popular issue with many collectors.

> The CD contains more than 100 highly researched articles that examine the printings and their many varieties as well as reprints, specimen stamps, forgeries, postal rates, and literature references. The articles on the CD are in both English and Finnish. Color illustrations appear throughout.

> The research articles by Reinikainen are supplemented with a couple of articles by Jeffrey Stone and Jussi Murtosaari that touch on the 1875 issues in the Tapling Collection in the British Library, and how to go about collecting and exhibiting these interesting stamps.

The Scandinavian Collectors Club specializes in the stamps and postal history of the Nordic countries. Information about SCC can be found on the club's web site www.scc-online.org or obtained from SCC Executive Secretary Don Brent, P. O. Box 13196, El Cajon CA 92022. •0•

## *Expert Help for Writers and Editors*

harles J. Peterson, Writers Unit #30 past president, offers free critiques of periodicals and books / manuscripts. Submit the four most recent issues, including postage equivalent to four times the first class mailing fee. Any unused amount will be returned. Critiques can be expected in about 30 days. Inquire before sending books and manuscripts, providing a brief description. Return time will vary, depending on length and other commitments. Include a SASE. Send to Peterson at P. O. Box 5559, Laurel, MD 20226. His phone is 301-776-9822; CJP7777@AOL.COM. •

# *Living with Internet Terms and References in Print*

*By Albert W. Starkweather* the address on a line by itself. URL references can be streamlined by eliminating the redundant http:// (hypertext transfer protocol), Twas recently queried about handling internet terms and referhence www.wu30.org instead of HTTP://www.wu30.org. In Lences in print, specifically spelling and capitalization of common cases where www is unnecessary, include http:// for emphasis terms and how to treat web and e-mail addresses. While researching HTTP://STAMPS.DELCAMPE.NET. Since neither e-mail nor internet this article, I revised the way I handle some terms. These have been addresses are case specific, there is no excuse for setting them in implemented in this issue of THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR. upper and lower case characters.

Although I take a laissez-faire approach to editing and avoid In the case of long URLs that must be split across two lines, care saddling authors with rules that generate cramped, stilted writshould be taken not to introduce a a hyphen at the end of the first ing that often muffles their *voices*, I recognize the need for some line. This can be done by inserting a soft return — shift + return standardization in styles. I handled many contributor books at in most word processing and page layout programs. In the case of CRC Press in Boca Raton, FL, where the rule was to have the gen-WWW.OWASU.ORG/GALLERY PICS/FRANCE02.JPG, the URL could be eral style of each chapter in harmony of the overall book vis-à-vis split www.owasu.org/(soft return)gallery\_pics/(soft return)france02. spelling and usage without ending up where you could not detect (soft return)jpg. a change in authors without checking the chapter byline. Note: It is very important for editors and proofreaders to test

I encourage writers not to style their copy. For copy edite-mail and URLs by copying them into their mail program and ing everything is converted to plain text to make reading easier. web browser to see if they work. When I flow the text into Adobe InDesign, it is displayed as body Capitalization of computer and web acronyms and terms are copy. Paragraph and text styles allow me to quickly format an aralso in transition. However, to avoid getting a letter from *the suits*, ticle. The bottom line is that the final style should be consistent it still is eBay and PayPal. While www and URL are set in capitals throughout an article or publication and from issue to issue. or small capitals, ftp (file transfer protocol), gif (graphical image The terms internet and world wide web (www) do not need to format), jpg — rather than jpeg — (Joint Photographic Experts be capitalized, as both have become a generic. Internet originally Group), pdf (portable document format), and similar acronyms referred to a worldwide-oriented research network. The world typically are set in lower case. •

wide web organizes internet resources in a hypertext and graphical environment. It may simply be referred to as the web on first reference. The two terms may be used interchangeably, with web being preferred.

An internet site and a screen within a site should be called a web site and a web page, although some prefer website and webpage. The latter appear unwieldy in print. However, webmaster is acceptable.

Electronic mail should be called e-mail rather than email, which slows word recognition, or combinations with a capital E. The term may be used as a noun or adjective — "send me an e-mail" or "send me an e-mail message" — but never as a verb. It is redundant to preface an address, such as ASTARKWEATHER@WU30.ORG, with e-mail as it is self evident as would be a telephone number or snail mail address. The same also applies to internet addresses, which need not be prefaced by web site.

Both e-mail and web addresses can be set in body text, such as ggriffenhagen@alphanet.org and www.nystampclubs.org. Underlines should be reserved for online usage as hyperlinks and should be avoided there as well since they obliterate descenders, hampering legibility - ggriffenhagen@alphanet.org and www.nystampclubs.org. Greater and less than signs (< >) are also undesirable. Setting addresses in small caps emphasizes them -GGRIFFENHAGEN@ALPHANET.ORG and www.nystampclubs.org. Avoid splitting e-mail addresses over two lines.

Web site addresses (URLS — uniform resource locators), particularly long ones, often require careful handling. Like e-mail addresses they should not be split over two lines if at all possible. In both instances, the problem can be resolved by rewriting the paragraph, or tightening the character tracking moderately, or setting

8





# **Books & Catalogues**

#### A History That Transcends Disciplines

The 1933 Chicago World's Fair: A Century of Progress by Cheryl L. Ganz. 272 pages, 7 × 10 inches, case bound. ©2008 University of Illinois Press, 1325 South Oak Street, Champaign, IL; www.press.uillinois.edu. \$39.95.

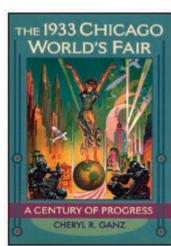
Every once in a while a non-philatelic book comes along that will interest collectors and non-collectors alike. Cheryl Ganz' compelling history of the 1933 World's Fair in Chicago is just one such example, cutting across many history disciplines. In short, it puts the event into a broader perspective, helping the reader understand the importance of A Century of Progress.

The book by the chief curator of the Smithsonian National Postal Museum, is an expansion of her doctoral thesis at the University of Illinois. It explores social and cultural history through the lenses of nationalism, ethnicity, gender, progress, and particularly technology. The significance of A Century of Progress and its success is especially striking when one realizes that it occurred during the depths of the Great Depression and only 40 years after the Chicago World's Columbian Exposition.

The inevitability of Europe becoming ensnared in another war can be seen in light of nationalistic exhibits and special events by two of the major Axis powers — Italy and Germany, which was still recovering from World War I and resented terms of the surrender treaty.

Gen. Italo Balbo's mass flight of 24 planes, at the behest of Benito Mussolini, was warmly welcomed and popularized with postage stamps and first flight covers. Most Americans, including those of Italian heritage, were unaware of what fascism represented even though party buttons were omnipresent and party anthems played at the country's pavilion.

The *Graf Zeppelin*, commanded by Dr. Hugo Eckener, received a similar reception and philatelic recognition. The giant airship was seen by Adolph Hitler as a flying billboard for the swastika which was prominently displayed on the tail fins. Many collectors are unaware of the full story of the issuance of the 50-cent *Baby Zepp*, which was strongly opposed by President Franklin Delano Roosevelt but received lukewarm approval



from Postmaster General James A. Farley. It was Secretary of State Cordell Hull who broke the logjam by explaining that refusal to issue a stamp would be a breach of diplomacy.

The reason that Germany demanded the stamp was to help finance the airship's flight to Chicago to help offset the operating expenses of about \$300 per hour. The U.S. Post Office Department received only 7½ cents from each stamp sold, with the remaining 42½ cents going to Germany which expected to recoup about \$10,000. The use of more than 100,000 *Baby Zepps* on flight covers brought in several times that amount.

Lest anyone believe this is a dry history written by an academic, they can be disabused of this notion by reading the opening chapter — "Sally Rand and the Midway." It was Rand who popularized ostrich feathers as a substitute for more traditional clothing. The other seven chapters are "Chicago Boosters Set the Stage," "A New Vision for a World's Fair," "The Vision on Display," "Women's Spaces at the Fair," "African Americans and the Du Sable Legacy," "Ethnic Identity and Nationalistic Representations of Progress," and "Aviation, Nationalism, and Progress." The volume concludes with an epilogue and end notes. The 42 color and 44 black and white photographs, and two illustrations are presented in five galleries.

The book is a great resource for writers and exhibitors who wish to expand their knowledge of the fair.

— Albert W. Starkweather

#### Danish Star Cancels

Stjernestempler (Star Cancels) by Jan Bendix and Jerry Kern. 256 pages, 5<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> × 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches, perfect bound, card covers, in Danish. ©2006 Forlaget Skilling / DAKA, Copenhagen, Denmark. \$56.50 plus postage from Jay Smith & Associates, P. O. Box 650, Snow Camp NC 27349; www.JAYSMITH.COM.

 $S_{1950s.}$  They typically are a double ring with a star-like symbol in the center ring, and the town name between the rings. Abbreviations used in the book, in Danish and English, begin the catalogue.

There are three types of cancels. Type I, the *Taarbæk*, consists of a double ring with a simple star design and the name of the letter collection office. Type II, the *Faarevejle* type, is similar in design but of larger diameter. Type III is called the *Udslebene* or starless cancel as the star-like symbol in the center ring is missing. These marks do not carry time or date of the cancellation but

Stjernestempler (Star Cancels) by Jan Bendix and Jerry Kern. simply designate the name of the letter collection office.

Catalogue with values are shown in Danish kroner on a stamp by itself and on a complete cover. Bulls-eye strikes or socked-onthe-nose cancels demand higher values than the catalogue shows.

The listings are alphabetical by town name and include the earliest and latest known usage dates. Some entries also show a side cancel, sometimes found with the star cancel, which has a city name and the cancellation date.

The collecting of Danish star cancels is quite popular and the introductory pages of the catalogue include a discussion of fake cancels accompanied by illustrations.

This edition includes the latest findings and information about these cancels. A number of the marks are illustrated throughout the catalog including some on covers that are shown in color. — Alan Warren

## Study The World in Your Armchair

Stamp Booklets: Magic Carpets to Adventure by Jeremy A. Lif-<br/>sey. 252 pages, 6 × 9 inches, hard cover and soft cover editions,<br/>© 2008 Jeremy A. Lifsey. \$20 plus shipping from Xlibris Corpo-<br/>ration, www.xLIBRIS.COM or from www.AMAZON.COM.telegraph<br/>stamps, airmail<br/>stamps, and commercial and<br/>promotional booklets among<br/>others. Topical ideas include<br/>historic events, humorous and<br/>cartoon designs, sports, music<br/>and many others.

Lifsey offers stamp booklets as a way to travel, see art, learn hisexperienced vicariously. Although he presents some basics of stamp collecting, he really invites the reader to escape to distant places via the pictorial material found on the front and back covers of booklets and sometimes on the interleaving between panes. historic events, humorous and cartoon designs, sports, music and many others. Lifsey's book invites collectors new to the stamp hobby to begin with this unusual catego-

and sometimes on the interleaving between panes. He introduces readers to his subject with some history including the fact that the first postage stamp booklet was issued by Luxembourg in 1895. He discusses bindings of booklets, the new convertible booklets, vending machine booklets, and prestige booklets. Next he describes how booklets are made and the fact that they were used not only for postage stamps but also for revenues, savings stamps, food stamps, trading stamps, and many other types of adhesives. begin with this unusual category of stamp booklets. They offer an enhanced approach to what many non collectors perceive as a dull subject, i.e., philately. By learning about the wonderful world of stamp booklets, collectors can ease into the stamp

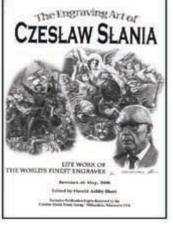
Booklets can be collected by country but are often sought by thematic collectors for their graphic images. Sources for information and the booklets themselves are identified including stamp dealers, the Internet, stamp periodicals, catalogs, libraries, and fellow collectors. Mounting booklets for display or exhibiting is a challenge but the author offers some suggestions. One chapter discusses the value of booklets and how they are bought and sold. Collecting field through a fascinating niche of the hobby. Resources listed at the end of the book include bibliographies of books and articles, a glossary of terms, web sites of interest for learning about booklets or buying them, a list of booklet issuing authorities such as countries, states and organizations, and reprints of articles that Lifsey has published elsewhere on the subject. An index concludes the book.

To give hobbyists some ideas on selecting the types of booklets to collect, the author describes topical subjects, historic interest (the AEF booklets of World War I), seals and labels, insurance stamps, — Alan Warren

#### Honoring a Master Engraver

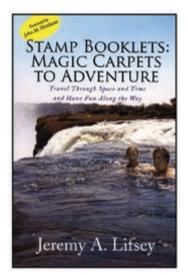
Czeslaw Slania: Master Engraver 1921–2005 by John Campbell.An introductory page provides a glimpse of Slania and his<br/>background. Succeeding pages are devoted to stamps and labels<br/>executed for Poland, Sweden, Denmark, Åland, Iceland, Faroe<br/>Islands, and Greenland, followed by Monaco, Great Britain, the<br/>United States and other countries. Additional pages include en-<br/>gravings, book plates, and a number of banknotes.

This wonderfully illustrated book captures Campbell's 20-year effort to accumulate examples of the art of master engraver Czeslaw Slania. The book is limited to an edition of 200 copies. He first noticed Slania's fine work on the stamps on first day covers he had accumulated. This spurred him to find as much of the - Alan Warren



master's work as he could.

Campbell, also an engraver, has been employed in the printing trades for many years. He met Slania in Stockholm in 1995. As a consequence of Slania's great output for Nordic country stamps, Campbell began exhibiting his collection at *NorDIA* shows, the regional exhibitions held in the Scandinavian countries. His book is a wonderful pictorial display of his exhibit pages, and is a fitting tribute to Slania's genius and creativity.



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First Quarter 2009

#### More New Michel Catalogues

 $M^{ichel}$  catalogues are published in Germany in 152 × 203mm (6 × 8 inches) perfect bound format with mostly color illustrations in the Europe series and black and white illustrations in the overseas series. All text is in German, but the clear illustrations and format make them easy for anyone to use. Values for mint, used, on cover and FDC items are provided in euros. They may be ordered through the Michel website — www.MICHEL.DE. For North American retail prices, contact the U.S. distributor, Lighthouse Publications, 274 Washington Ave., Hackensack, NJ 07601; www.liGHT-HOUSE.US or Lindner Publications, P. O. Box 5056, Syracuse, NY 13220; WWW.LINDNER-USA.COM.

#### Michel 2008 Südwesteuropa (Southwestern Europe) Katalog (Europe Volume 2), 1,280 pages. List price is 48 euros.

Volume 2 includes French and Spanish Andorra, France, Gibraltar, Monaco, Portugal including Azores and Madeira, and Spain. These countries were part of the 2006–2007 Volume 1.

Issues up to the beginning of March 2008 are included. There are more than 14,500 color images and 63,000 revised values and new listings. The catalogue includes regular issues, locals, occupation issues, souvenir sheets, coils, framas, officials, parcel post, postage due, surtax, and telegraph stamps. In nearly every area, but especially in classic issues of Spain, the catalogue reflects significant increases in values, some of more than 100 per cent. Michel 2008 Südeuropa (Southern Europe) Katalog (Europe Volume 3), 1,278 pages. List price is 48 euros.

Volume 3 includes Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Fiume, Italy, Kosovo, Macedonia, Malta, Montenegro, San Marino, Serbia, Slovenia, Trieste, Vatican, and Yugoslavia. These countries formerly were part of the 2006–2007 Volume 2. Greece is listed in the Southeastern Europe catalogue.

New issues up to the end of March 2008 are included. There are more than 14,000 color images and 64,000 revised values and new listings. The catalogue includes regular issues, locals, occupation issues, souvenir sheets, coils, framas, officials, parcel post, postage due, surtax, and telegraph stamps. Volume 3 features significant value increases up to more than 100 per cent in nearly every collecting area, with the most noteworthy increases in the issues of Yugoslavia. Michel 2008 Südosteuropa (Southeastern Europe) Katalog (Europe Volume 4), 1,168 pages. List price is 48 euros.

Volume 4 includes Aegean Islands, Bulgaria, Crete, Cyprus, Eastern Rumelia, Epirus, Greece, Icaria, Ionian Islands, Rumania, Samos, Thrace, Turkey, and Turkish Cyprus. These countries, except for Romania, were part of the 2006–2007 Volume 2. A map in the introduction identifies only five of the countries covered.

New issues up to the middle of March 2008 are included. There are more than 15,000 color images and 61,000 revised values and new listings. The catalogue includes regular issues; locals, occupation issues, souvenir sheets, coils, framas, officials, parcel post, postage due, ship post, surtax, and telegraph stamps. An upward trend for most countries was noted.

Michel 2007/2008 Nordamerika (North America) Katalog (Overseas Volume 1, Part 1), 608 pages. List price is 49 euros.

The first of Michel's updated Overseas series of catalogues covers Hawaii, Canada, Confederate States of America, Panama Canal, St. Pierre and Miquelon, the United States, and the United Nations (New York). New issues up to the end of August 2007 are included.

There are more than 6,000 black and white images and 30,000 revised values. Not all sections have illustrations.

U.S. listings include regular and airmail issues, computer vended postage, souvenir sheets, booklets, booklet panes, officials, parcel post, postage due, newspapers, and offices in China. The key improvement over past editions is inclusion of booklets, booklet panes, and folio sheets. The cataloge shows a rising trend of values, particularly for classic issues and issues to 1945. Some Newfoundland issues have doubled in value.

The catalogue's price has been reduced to make it more attractive to purchase. North American collectors won't use it as a primary resource, but collectors and dealers buying in the European market will find it a handy reference.

#### Michel 2008/2009 Mittelamerika (Central America) Katalog (Overseas Volume 1, Part 2), 896 pages. List price is 59 euros.

Part 2 includes Belize, British Honduras, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Panama Canal Zone. Issues to the end of December 2007 are included. There are nearly 10,000 black and white images and more than 50,000 values.

Detailed information is provided for definitive and commemorative, computer vended postage, variable-rate, officials, postage due, registration, airmails, souvenir sheets, and more. The volume features revised values with numerous, sometimes significant, increases in many areas; updated illustrations; and the inclusion of additional provisional overprints for Belize.

#### Michel Fussball-EM (Soccer) 2008 Catalogue, 112 pages. List price is 9.90 euros.

This catalogue, issued in conjunction with the UEFA European soccer championships, takes an interesting approach. It is a listing of all the soccer stamps issued by the 16 European nations that made it through qualifying rounds to compete in the finals staged in Austria and Switzerland last June.

Like the better-known World Cup, the European championships are held once every four years —in between World Cups. The pocket-sized catalogue is organized alphabetically by country based on their German spelling. Included are Austria, Croatia, the Czech Republic, France, Germany, Greece, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, Sweden, Switzerland, Spain, and Turkey. For each country, the editors provide an opening section that lists its soccer history, including the number of games played, their FIFA ranking, and their history in European championships and World Cups.

This is followed by a listing of all soccer stamps, souvenir sheets and framas issued by that country, including Olympics, World Cup, and other issues. All the nearly 500 issues are illustrated in color. Romania has issued the most soccer stamps of any of the 16 finalists. The Michel catalogue number, denomination, colors, quantity printed, and reason for the issue are provided. Values in euros for mint and used stamps and first day covers are shown. Check boxes are included for collectors to keep track of which stamps they own.

The earliest soccer stamp in the catalogue is by the Netherlands for the 1928 summer Olympics. Other issues are through May 2008. Where known, information on stamps expected to be issued is provided at the end of the section on each country. There are pages where collectors can document tournament results for group play, as well as quarterfinal, semifinal and final matches. For soccer aficionados, this catalogue is well worth owning.

- Peter Martin

#### The Collectors Club Philatelist

Published bimonthly by The Collectors Club,  $7 \times 10$  inches, areas and one presentation adsaddle stitched. 64 pages. Editor Robert P. Odenweller, The Coldressed the future of philately lectors Club, 22 East 35th Street, New York, NY 10016-3806; and youth involvement. The Collectors Club Philatelist WWW.COLLECTORSCLUB.ORG.

Many consider The Collectors Club to be the center of the philatelic universe. The ornate building on East 35th Street publishes well written and illustrated articles. These articles in Manhattan houses not only one of the largest philatelic librar- are highly specialized and the ies and a membership of elite collectors, but also a history that is scholarship second to none. It is the very foundation of philately in the United States. material worthy of appearance One can argue that the measuring stick of literature is the in a specialized journal.

Collectors Club Philatelist. Its list of editors included such greats Dan Walker's short piece reas Harry L. Lindquist and Harry M. Konwiser. Its appearance porting an unrecorded variety throughout the years was strictly conservative with black and of a stamp issued by the Indian white illustrations. It could afford to, as each issue found the finest Princely State of Soruth raises articles by the most astute philatelists of the time. It has won more new questions on this obscure than a dozen literature awards and probably will win more. collecting area with the author

Volume 87 comprises the six issues published in 2008. It commaking a plea for information on a manuscript marking. pletes the transformation started in 2005 to an all-color jour-Three issues examined the treasures housed in the National nal. The quality of the illustrations is mesmerizing as covers and Postal Museum. The Clarence H. Eagle collection of revenue esstamps jump out to grab the reader. This is particularly evident says and the Benjamin K. Miller display of his Orangeburg coils with the cover of the journal showing a single illustration against are described as important resources and are vividly illustrated. An the color background — a simple yet effective example of color interesting monthly feature is *Cover Story* where the author writes balance. The color is appealing to the eye and is very close to the about a fascinating and unusual cover. The stories make for interoriginal. At first glance, a reader might believe it is the actual item. esting reading and are a primer for the student of postal history. Diagrams and line drawings, however, were lightly scanned mak-If any criticism could be directed towards The Collectors Club Philatelist, it may as well be that the articles are too specialized

ing them difficult to read. Each issue contained news regarding club activities and its memand directed towards the elite collector. This may be so, but given bers. Details on programs presented by members are well written its place in the philatelic realm The Collectors Club Philatelist has accompanied by photographs. Presentations involved the display earned the distinction as the premier philatelic publication in the of first-rate material in frames followed by a discussion. Most pre-United States, if not the world. sentations were specialized but several involved general collecting - Alfred Carroccia

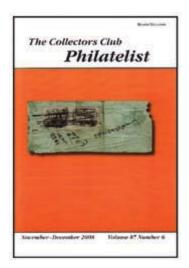
#### **Briefly Noted**

Hinges & Tongs is published quarterly by the Rochester Philatelic Association;  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$  inches, 6 pages. Editor: Thomas M. Fortunato, P. O. Box 10208, Brighton Station, Rochester, NY 14810; www.rpastamps.org/rpa-newsletters.html.

Most club newsletters tend to be one or two pages and convey the most basic of information: club activities and member news. Occasionally a feature article appears with a club theme intertwined with stamps and covers. *Hinges & Tongs* is different from the typical newsletter. Each issue contains club news supplemented by color photographs of member activities, is peppered with Rochester related postal history, and has updates on ROPEX, the annual APS World Series of Philately Show sponsored by the club. Regular features include a U.S. stamp program overview, in color, and a short piece on a unique stamp issue.

Fortunato has recently taken over the reins as editor and is producing the newsletter for both print and online presentation. RPA members can opt to receive the newsletter by mail or as an e-mail attachment.

### **Journals & Newsletters**





a print copy by mail or in pdf format by e-mail. Editor Thomas M. Fortunato's simple, user-friendly design is optimized for maximum legibility in both versions.

First Quarter 2009

#### **Electronic Media & Software**

#### A Good Resource for Luxembourg

**T** uxembourg is about the size of Rhode Island, yet has the second Lhighest gross domestic product per capita in the world. The landlocked country, founded in 963, became a grand duchy in 1815, as an independent state of the Netherlands. It gained full autonomy in 1867, and remains one of the only countries with a parliamental democracy and a ruling monarch known as the Grand Duke.

Webmaster Gary Little began his site Luxembourg Central -WWW.LUXCENTRAL.COM — in 1995. It features several subpages of collectibles, including stamps — www.luxcentral.com/stamps.

The site has simply designed pages, but a wealth of information including philatelic material. The first link, Stamp Reference has a comprehensive database of the Luxembourg stamps from 1853-2003 complete with numerous color scans and illustrations, showing all the stamps from each year. The illustrations end in mid 2001, with listings of the stamps continuing until the year 2003.

A second area of the site contains some great illustrated examples of Luxembourg postal stationery. There are some fascinating modern examples in this section as well as numerous early town views with cancels. Topical collectors would love the balloon cover with a pictorial balloon cancel in the envelopes section from 1998-2001.

One of the most fascinating and extensive portions of the site is devoted to postmarks and cancellations. The database focuses on postmarks used before World War II and provides a stellar model for any cancel collector looking to organize their own collection. The cancels are first divided into types, such as two-circle Belgian, precancels, tourism, railroad type, promotional, Dutch, mute type, and more. Within each section, types are further broken down. In the Bridge with Bars Type section — used from 1906–1940 — 130 different types are listed, about 100 of which are illustrated.

The other mesmerizing section of the site is the portion devoted to Rare Stamps and Covers, which purports to be, and likely is, the "largest collection of rare Luxembourg stamps and covers on the Internet. This section focuses on covers, unusual stamp blocks and multiples, and postmarks of the early classic period (before 1882)." Some exquisite Luxembourg stamp rarities, and covers, are illustrated with references to selling prices, and opening/closing bids in var-



ious auctions. 14 Luxembourg No. 2s on piece are illustrated from a Corinphila auction in 1982. There are only two known copies of No. 62A, a 20 centimes brown error, on cover and both are pictured.

Other small sections are devoted to forgeries of stamps with illustrations showing the different aspects of the genuine and forged stamps, a comprehensive listing of booklet stamps, with scans, special flight covers, references, events, stamp clubs relating to Luxembourg philately, and dealers.

The sheer quantity and depth of study and organization is daunting, Although it does not appear to have been updated recently, or have the glitz and glamour of some slick newly designed flash/xmlbased sites, it does have an extensive and serious assemblage of quality scans and examples. There are few other sites devoted to a single nation's philately with such a comprehensive focus.

*— Heather Sweeting* 

#### 4% 8 8 8 Summary (StampExpo 488 STATISTICS Quity | Menthly | Manthly | Duarteria | Inacto Provide Papes Detry Papes Date Papes Date Prom Reposit Analysis sound Came Prom section Came Prom section Depter Wars E Page Loats E Money Visitors E Reference Visitors H LINES H LINE ALBORT contrasts contrasts contrast Activity city: Paths city uniters ulter: Diate shop IP Add 3 [ Last 7 Days ] or 0 28 [ Last 1 2005 - 27 [ 3ay 1 2005 Select Data: of Show Page Loads of Show Unique Visitors of Show Re Select Graph: @ Bar Graph | C Area Graph | C No Graph SEO SERVICES (Salener) C Save As Defau ECONHENDED Autom

#### Who Is Visiting Your Web Site?

W ant to know who is visiting your web site, which pages they are viewing, and what they are downloading? StatCounter (WWW.STATCOUNTERCOM) is an invisible web tracker that provides all these and more. Setup is very easy.

The best part is that the basic service is free and will retain up to 500 entries before it begins overwriting the earliest ones. Log quotas can be raised from 1,500 to 100,000 for \$9 to \$35 per month.

Material for reviews may be sent to the editor. Reviews are also welcomed from others. Reviews should be concise and stress those aspects that are helpful examples (positive or negative) for other authors, editors, and publishers. Review requests from those having an interest in the item, such as publishers and distributors, must include a copy of the publication. -¢-

# CHINA STAMP SOCIETY SITE A MODEL FOR OTHERS

#### *By H. James Maxwell, CSS President*

hina Stamp Society's site — www.chinastampsociety.org — U is fully operational and contains much information about the CSS. Take a look. Collectors of Chinese philately will find it worthwhile, as will organizations seeking a model for their sites.

The Home Page has information about recent events including photographs and upcoming events such as National Conventions through 2011 and future regional and local meetings.

What is the CSS? details the history of the society and its exhibiting and publishing awards and youth scholarship programs. There is also information on the Meritorious Service Award and the 25 and 50-year membership pins.

The *China Clipper Magazine* page provides information on our journal, allows potential members to view a recent issue, and provides information on our 70-year index of the China Clipper (included in the Periodical Database), publication awards, youth scholarships for writing for the China Clipper, and advertising rates.

The *Membership* page explains the benefits of joining and the dues structure, and offers both online and mail-in membership forms and a link for paying dues and renewing memberships online. New members can join online and pay their dues with Visa or Master Card, PayPal, cash, check or money order. Existing members can also use these payment alternatives to renew.

In Chapters we list our domestic and international chapters, provide contact information for each, list the criteria for forming a chapter, and provide a link to contact the Chapter Coordinator.

Meetings and Shows provides the schedule for upcoming National Conventions and Regional Meetings, links to the stamp show web sites, photos from past meetings, and information on past and upcoming Local Meetings.

Online Stamp Sales is the jumping off point for searching In the Members Only area, members can view our articles of stamps, covers, literature, and other philatelic items offered for incorporation, bylaws, minutes of the last board of directors and sale on line by the CSS. More than 1,400 are presently offered and membership meetings, our financial statement, the last four issues we have about 1,600 more on hand to be listed. We have main of the China Clipper, and pay their dues online to renew membersearch categories for the stamps and covers of ROC 1912–1949, ship. Admission to Members Only requires logging in to the site by PRC, Taiwan, Imperial, Hong Kong and Japanese Occupation of entering your e-mail address and membership number. China, as well as one for books and supplies. Anyone may view The next three areas of the site, Stamp Gallery, Exhibits, and items, but only members can buy or sell in the Online Stamp Sales Articles are for upcoming special features, the first of which will area. Also on this page are tips on searching the items for sale and begin with the next issue of the China Clipper when we start a instructions on how to buy and how to sell. series of articles on "Exhibiting Chinese Philately." The Exhibits

The Books, DVDs For Sale page is the access point for the four page will have pdfs of the pages of the exhibits discussed in the categories of items offered: (1) books, (2) DVDs, (3) coffee cups, articles. When future articles are submitted in Chinese for puband (4) membership pins. We currently have 16 publications for lication in the China Clipper in English they will be available in sale in book format, nine publications available on DVD, three Chinese on the Articles page. different coffee cups, and the new CSS membership pin. The Philatelic Web Sites page provides links to numerous sites

The *Expertization/Identification* page explains these services, has that are useful to collectors of Chinese philately. Let us know if a specimen expertization certificate, provides printable copies of the you have ideas about other links that should be added. submission procedure and form, and a link to the committee chair-*Check Out* is the place for members to pay for items in their man to submit scans of stamps for identification or ask questions. Shopping Cart. When you visit the various pages of the web site

The *Library* page explains the procedure for borrowing books, provides a 98-page viewable/printable list of the books and peput them in your shopping cart. riodicals in the library, and has a link to e-mail the Librarian Contact Us is an e-mail link where you can send a message to with questions. any officer of the society. •



The Translation Service page explains the procedure for obtaining translation assistance and provides contact information.

and purchase books and DVDs, pay dues, buy stamps, etc., you

#### Converting To Color — Continued from Cover

Basic combinations of hues are adjacent, complementary, split, triad, and tetrad. Adjacent colors, which abut on the color wheel, are considered the most harmonious and subtle combinations. Complementary colors oppose each other on the color wheel. **Split colors** are three hues — one from one side of the color wheel and the two hues on either side of the complementary hue opposite. The triad is three equidistant hues on the wheel. The **tetrad** is four hues — two adjacent pairs of complementary hues.

Other considerations are dominance, visibility and legibility, and discord. **Dominance** is the hue occupying the greatest space. **Visibility** and **legibility** are increased by the contrast of opposites, including dissimilar combinations — light and dark, bright and dull, warm and cool. **Discord** is the somewhat outmoded concept that some color combinations do not work in harmony. Some combinations, such as primary red and blue, should be avoided as they strobe, hampering readability.

#### Color Models

Two basic models describe color. Red, green, and blue are additive, while **cyan** (process blue), **magenta** (process red), and **yellow** • For rules used to divide page elements are subtractive. Additive primary colors — **RGB** — are those that create all colors with direct light. This transmitted light is found in such applications as television, computer monitors, and slides. Combining 100 percent of all three hues creates white. Subtractive primary colors — CMY — are those that create all colors with reflected light, and are the basis of printed color. Black (**K**) often is added to deepen shadows and print true black type and lines. Artists define color in terms of hue, lightness, and saturation – HLS. Lightness is the reflectance of the shade — black having minimum and white having maximum.

There are two types of printed color: spot and process. Spot color is a preset hue — an ink for printing or a hue applied to a transparency. Process color is created by overlaying dots of cyan, magenta, yellow, and black- CMYK. Process color must be applied to separations of photographs and other art with tonality, but is inferior to spot color for single hues.

### **Preparing To Convert**

Advance planning and testing are absolutely essential in making a successful transition. If this will be a self-produced project using a color laser or ink jet printer, the task is fairly simple — creating test pages in color and printing them out to catch potential problems. The user's manuals should provide necessary information. Output to lasers and ink jets should be in RGB mode. TrueType, PostScript Type 1, and OpenType fonts are acceptable.

Material that is to be sent to a service bureau or commercial printer will require more coordination. Output for these should be in CMYK mode. Either PostScript Type 1 or OpenType fonts must be used.

Be sure to discuss the following with your vendor:

• In what format do they want your output — a package with the native design, art files, and fonts or as a portable document format (pdf) file? The latter combines all elements into a single file. In the case of the Stamp Insider, the printer gets both, using the former to produce the printing plates and the latter for

their prepress proofing. For THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR, the output is in pdf format.

- If your output is in pdf format, request a list of their preferred settings, including bleeds.
- How do they wish to receive your files?

Finally create and send some test files to the vendor to verify they will work and to allow tweaking for even better results.

## **Applying Color**

As color alters the perception of a document more than any other element, great care should be exercised in its selection and application. Choices range from muted blues for traditional publications to brilliant reds and yellows for advertisements. Cool hues often are associated with sophistication, while warm hues convey emotion. Muted hues suggest conservatism, bright hues flamboyance, deep hues elegance. The goal is to focus the reader's attention. Color that detracts from the message, no matter how attractive, is wasted.

#### Where To Use Color

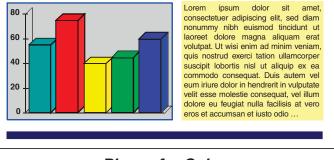
- For the nameplate (flag) of the publication
- For folios or overlines (rules used as an artistic element)
- For boxes and as a backdrop in text boxes
- For reversed type
- For large type, especially in ads
- For images and other graphics, including logos

# The Nameplate THE PUBLICATION DATELINE WITH REVERSED TEXT **Headline Number 1**

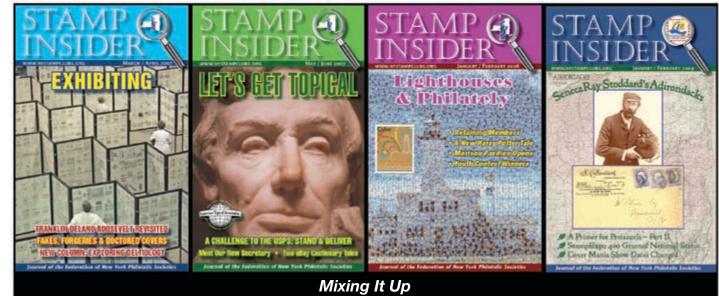
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# **Headline Number 2**



Places for Color Color is an effective tool in underscoring a publication's message.



While some publications have a uniform design for their nameplate, the Stamp Insider changes the backdrop color to complement the art.

Newspapers and magazines select bright colors for their cov- When an object is surprinted in black or a color, or as a reverse, ers so they stand out on sales racks. Circulation of the Stamp on a solid or tinted background, readability suffers as the object *Insider* has more than tripled since it was convered to color in and the background approach the same color value. Boxes, Rules & Screens May 2006. This was primarily due to new subscribers being at-Boxes, rules, and screens are particularly effective in color. tracted by the cover.

Treating Text Rules and borders should be set in slightly larger point sizes Text generally should not be printed in color, as this makes it than their black counterparts. The selected color should be saturated and relatively bright. Screening may change the percepless readable. This can be effective for small text blocks, if there is sufficient contrast between the type and the backdrop. An altion of some hues. While blue retains its characteristics, other ternative is to use black type on light pastel backdrops. Screens colors do not. Red, for example, takes on a pinkish cast. Screenfor text boxes may be in the 20 to 30 percent range, depending ing allows a wide variety of hues to be created from a single on the color selected. Solid hues, which are bright and not excolor, while individual colors must be selected for each desired cessively saturated, may be applied as well, as long as they do not hue of a solid color. obscure the text. Charts and graphs convey information better when they are

set in color. USA Today is particularly effective in applying color Color may be applied occasionally to short or unusual headlines. Dropped and raised capitals are enhanced by color, which to charts and graphs. is particularly effective for some special applications, such as Gradients - a single color with progressively lighter or darker quote outs and reverses. Strong hues should be selected for type tints, tones or shades, or a blend of colors - may be used to fill to make it highly legible and to prevent the edges from blending graphics boxes, art elements, and type. A gradient may be applied to a group of elements or singularly to each element. into the page.

Type may be shadowed or bordered in a contrasting color for Photographs emphasis. A screen of 40 to 60 percent can alter the impact of a Photographs in color often are more powerful than black and large bold typeface. This technique also is suitable for reversed white. Content and composition still are the most important contype. Type set in a light gray value or hue benefits from stroksiderations, while vivid hues add interest. A splash of bright color, ing — being outlined in a thin black line. Alternatively, a heavier such as red, has a strong visual appeal — as Eastman Kodak Co. outline in a saturated hue may be applied. showed in its early Kodachrome advertisements. An illustration



Color patches enhance a document having a limited budget. Achromatic hues are not as effective for drop caps and head-Black and white art — particularly line art — can be overlaid on lines, although interesting flags may be created. Whether color a patch. The patch may be applied as a border or drop shadow. or gray tones are applied, emphasis should be concentrated. Outline art, where color shows through white areas, should have a full border. Dropped and raised capitals may be overlaid on a A single large element has greater visual impact than several simple color block, which also may be bordered or patterned. smaller elements. •

may be bordered in black or a strong complementary hue to its overall tonality to anchor it to the page.

#### Grav Is a Color Too

Gray tones can break up the monotony of plain black and white pages. Grays can be applied in the same manner as color, and may be intermixed with color applications.



#### New Members

1961 Michael D. Roberts, 5581 W. 75th St., Los Angeles, CA 90045-1706. Author: 1950-1975 Definitive Issues of Mexico; Editor: Mexicana (Mexico-Elmhurst Philatelic Society International). Sponsor: George Griffenhagen.

- 1962 Lyman R. Caswell, 815 S. 216th St., GC58, Des Moines, WA 98198-6332. Author: Philatelia Chemica et Physica articles 1988–2008 (ATA Chemistry and Physics Unit). Sponsor: David McNamee.
- 1963 Regi Ausmus, 4095 Fruit Street, No. 860, La Verne, CA 91750-9349. Editor: COROS Chronicle (Collectors of Religion on Stamps). Sponsor: Augustine Serafini.
- 1964 Richard A. Pederson, 43031 Elk Place, Chantily, VA 20152-5908. Author: Pederson Quarterly Newsletter (WWW.PEDERSONSTAMPS. сом). Sponsor: George Griffenhagen.

#### Reinstated

1928 Thomas P. Johnston, 124 Bishopstone Circle, Frederick, MD 21702-5123.

#### Contributions

We thank the following for a generous contribution over and above the payment of their 2009 membership dues. 1511 Robert Rawlins of California (\$5) 1766 William Mooz of California (\$5) 1878 Chester Masters of Washington (\$5)

#### Change of Address

0052 Burton F. Sellers, 2771 S. Rosvln St., Denver, CO 80231-6050. 1467 Ken Lawrence, P.O. Box 98, Spring Mills, PA 16875-0098. 1848 Roger P. Quinby, 12425 Dancliff Trace, Alpharetta, GA Please notify us of address changes to assure that you receive each 30009-8756 (change of ZIP Code).

1940 Allison Gallaway, 22 North St., N.W., Washington, DC 20001-1255.

#### Resigned

1332 Peter Mosiondz, Jr. of Laurel Springs, New Jersey 1790 Stanley Luft of Golden, Colorado

**1888** Brian Liedtke of Hales Corners, Wisconsin **1896** Mack Matesen of Lynwood, Washington 1909 Arthur Cole of Huntsville, Alabama

## About Writers Unit #30

The purpose of the Writers Unit #30 of the American Philatelic Society is to encourage and assist philatelic communication, knowledge, and comradeship. Membership is open to any philatelic writer, columnist, editor, or publisher, as well as anyone interested in philatelic communication.

## Join Us Today

Join Writers Unit #30 today and begin reaping the many benefits of membership, including your subscription to THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR. Applications received before October 1 will be recorded as members for that calendar year and these members will receive all four issues of THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR for the calendar year. Applications received on or after October 1 will be recorded as members for the following calendar year.

An application may be downloaded at www.wu30.org.

## Membership Dues

On January 7 a commemorative postal card was sent to those whose 2009 membership dues are payable. If you have not yet sent in your dues payment, please do so at your earliest opportunity. If we do not receive your 2009 membership dues by March 1, this will be the last issue of The Philatelic Communicator you will receive.

USPS ZIP Code Addresses	\$15.00
Canada and Mexico	
All Other Addresses	

Payment must be made in U.S. funds by a check imprinted with a U.S. bank transit number, or by postal money order, payable to APS Writers Unit #30. Some overseas members prefer to send U.S. bank notes by certified mail.

## **Updating Your Mailing Address**

issue of THE PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR without delay. This will also save WU #30 more than \$1.00 because the USPS charges 50 cents when they have to send us an address correction, and we still have to pay the postage for reshipping the issue to the member. George B. Griffenhagen, WU #30 Secretary-Treasurer 2501 Drexel St., Vienna, VA 22180-6906

ggriffenhagen@aphanet.org

# **PHILATELIC COMMUNICATOR ADVERTISING RATES**

We can accept camera-ready copy or create an ad for you. Color is free! Full Page — \$80 • 7.33 × 10 inches (44 × 60 picas) Half Page - \$55 • Vertical 3.6  $\times$  9.5 inches (21p6  $\times$  57 picas); Horizontal 7.33 × 4.7 inches (44 × 28p6 picas) Quarter Page - \$35 • 3.6 × 4.6 inches (21p6 × 28 picas) Eighth Page - \$20 • 3.6  $\times$  2.25 inches (21p6  $\times$  13p6 picas)

Deadlines January 15, April 15, July 15, October 15

**CONTACT THE EDITOR: 813-962-7964 • ASTARKWEATHER@WU30.org** 

# 2009 Writers Unit #30 Hall of Fame Nomination

*Complete the entire nomination form and mail to the address at the bottom of the page. You may* add a blank sheet to this form if additional space is needed. The description of writing and editing accomplishments should comprise approximately two-thirds of the written justification.

Nominee: First Name	Middle	Last
Address:		
E-mail:	P	hone:
Date of birth:	City, sta	te of birth:
If deceased (date of death, age, loo	cation, and cause if kno	wn):
	·	
<b>2. Description of philatelic writin</b> publications edited. Include majo	<b>g and editing accompli</b> or service to WU#30, if a	<b>shments</b> (books, major articles written, applicable):
3. Philatelic writing/editing and c		
<b>4. Philatelic leadership</b> (major pos		
Nominated by:	Signed	Date
Mail nominations by February 20 Peter Martin, Writers Unit #30		, POB 463, Naugatuck, CT 06770-0463

Writers Unit #30, APS George B. Griffenhagen 2501 Drexel Street Vienna, VA 22180-6906

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